



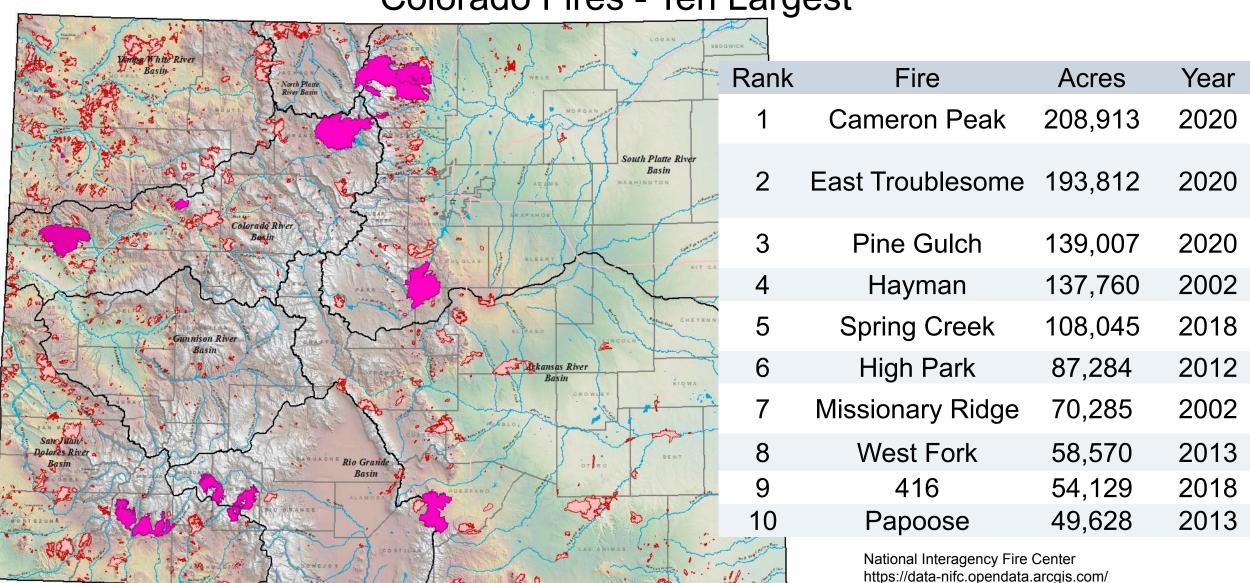


Healthy Forested Watersheds:

- Maintain flow regimes at historic conditions
- Are able to resist, absorb, and recover from natural hazards (Resilience)
- Provide high quality water supply for agriculture, municipal, and environment
- Provide diverse and complex habitat features in upland and riverine environments



Colorado Fires - Ten Largest





COMPONENTS

STATEWIDE SUSCEPTIBILITY FRAMEWORK FOR COMMUNITIES

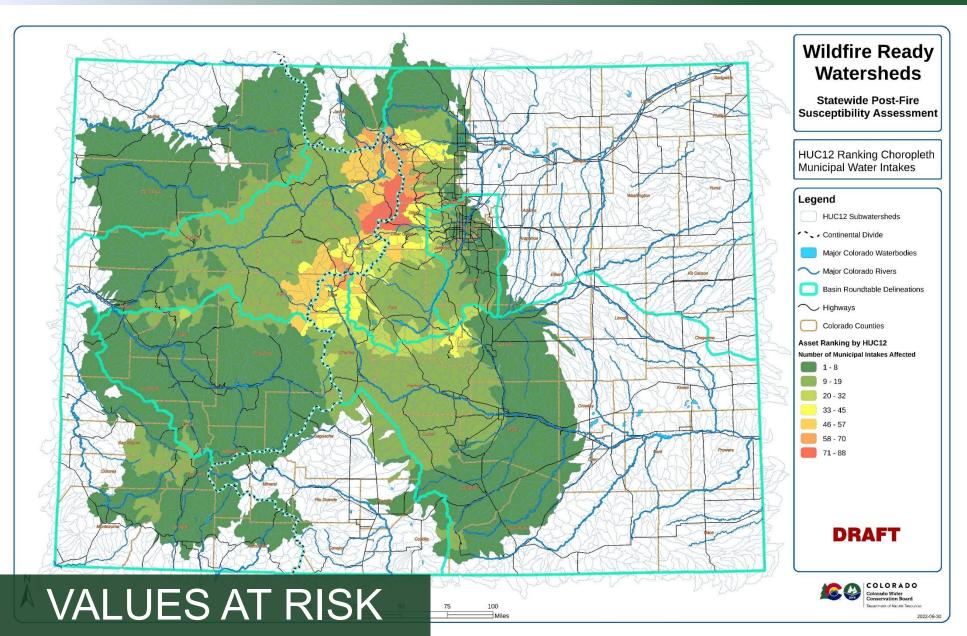


HAZARDS VALUES AT RISK Hillslope Erosion Reservoirs and **Dams Debris and Mud Flows Municipal Water** Intakes Ag Water Infrastructure Water Quality Degradation Road Crossings Riverine Erosion & Sedimentation Life and Property Flooding





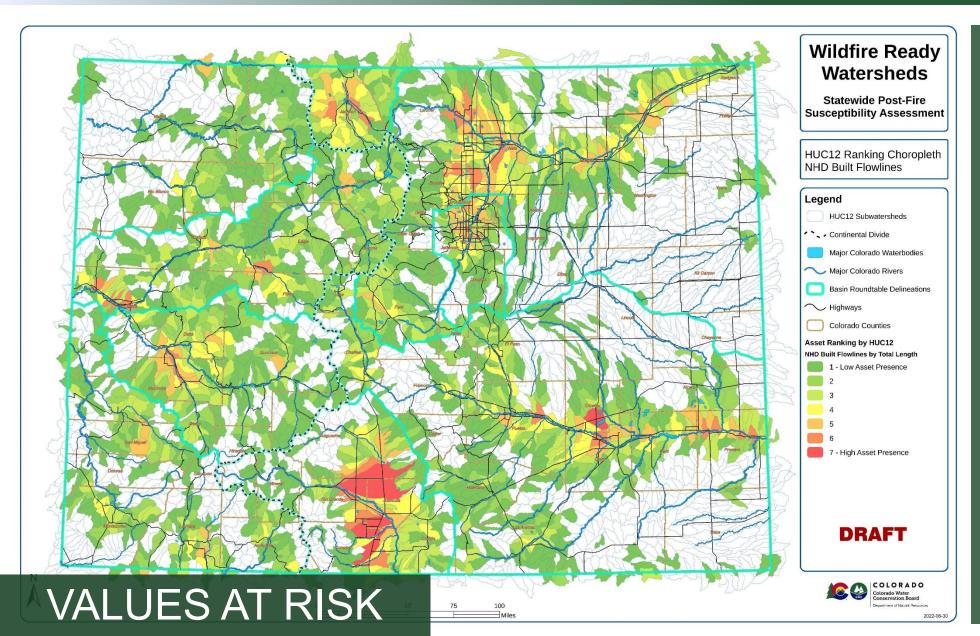




Source Water

Evaluates the number of water suppliers that rely on any given watershed.





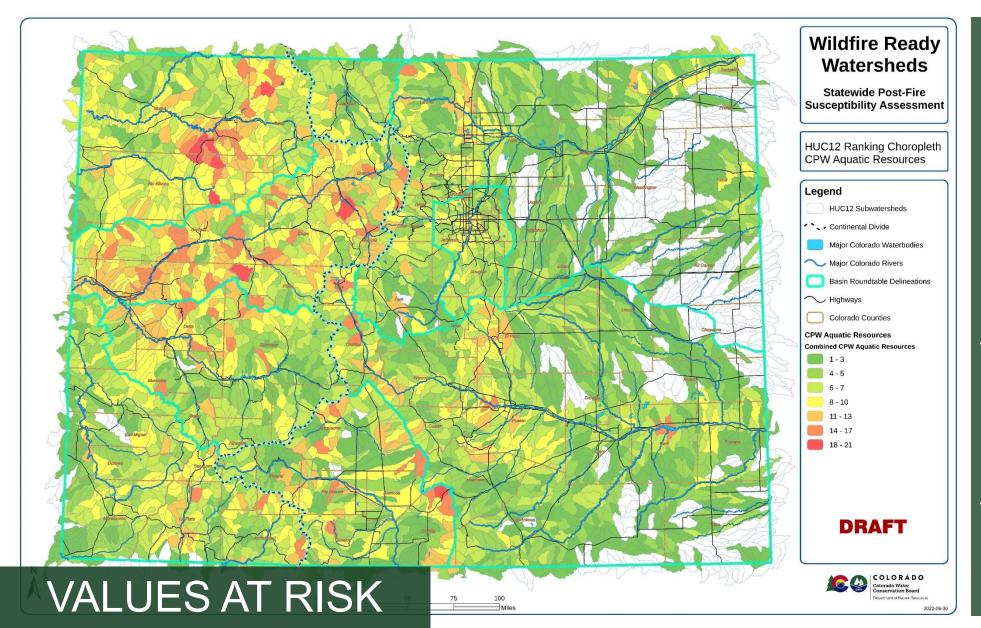
Built Flowlines

Built diversion infrastructure within a watershed.

Evaluates the length of Conveyance ditches by HUC.

Indicates where burned basins could affect downstream water users.





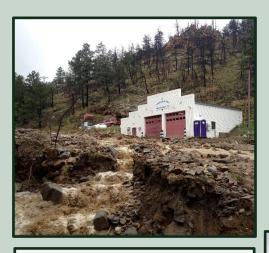
Aquatic Species Habitat

Evaluates high value habitat areas located within watersheds.

Indicates where burned basins could impact habitat conditions and water quality.



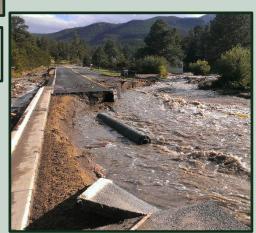
HAZARDS



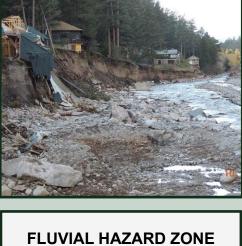
INCREASED RUNOFF



MUD/DEBRIS FLOW

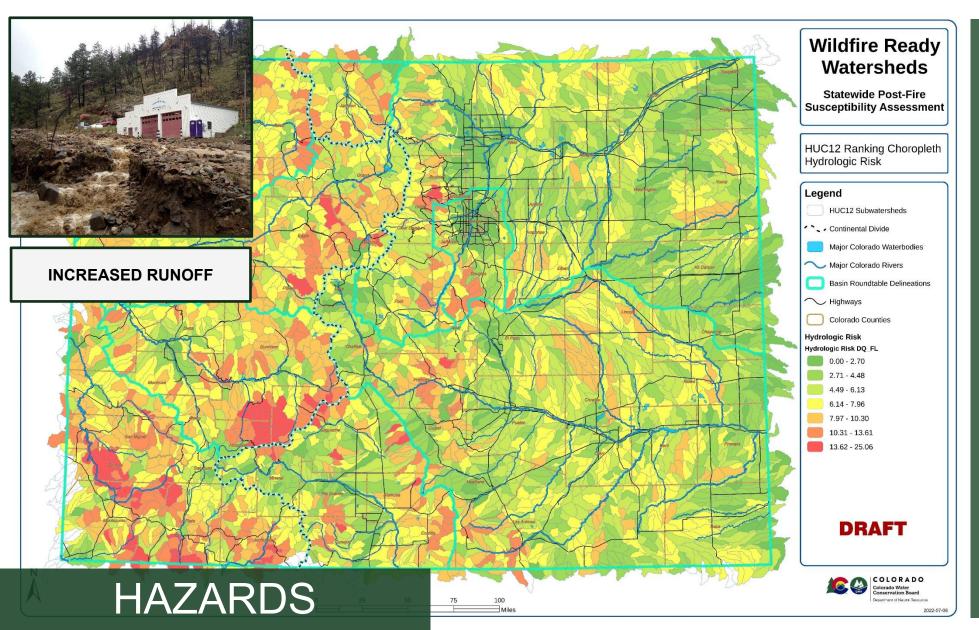


HILLSLOPE EROSION



FLOODING



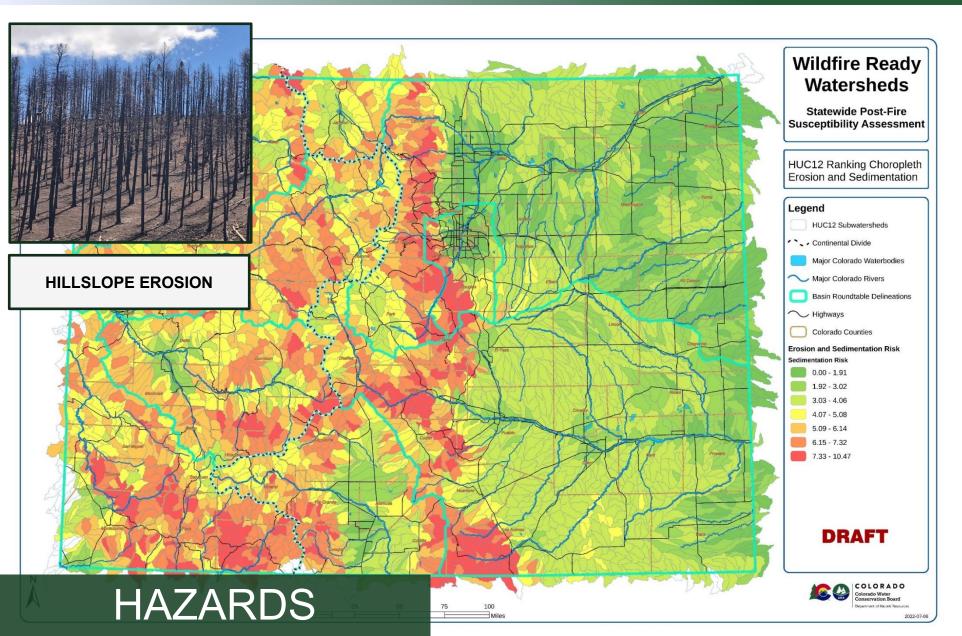


Hydrologic Change

Evaluates magnitude of change in runoff following a fire.

Indicates watersheds where flood after fire will be a significant concern.



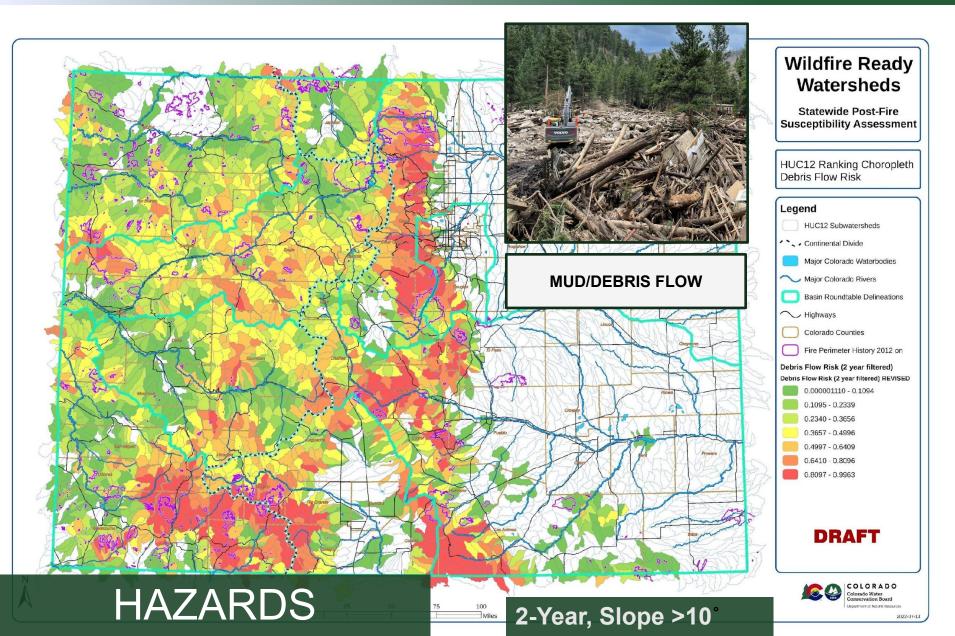


Hillslope Erosion

Evaluates magnitude of change in sediment yield pre and post fire.

Indicates watersheds where sedimentation and deposition will be a significant concern.





Debris Flow

Identifies watersheds with high probability of debris flows.

Indicates watersheds where debris flow should be evaluated further to understand specific risk to life, infrastructure, and property.



RISK

RISK Probability Hazard

Consequence Values-at-Risk

Risk & Susceptibility

- Where values-at-risk are located
- Where hazards exist
- Understanding where hazards pose threats to values provides an overall understanding of susceptibility.



FRAMEWORK

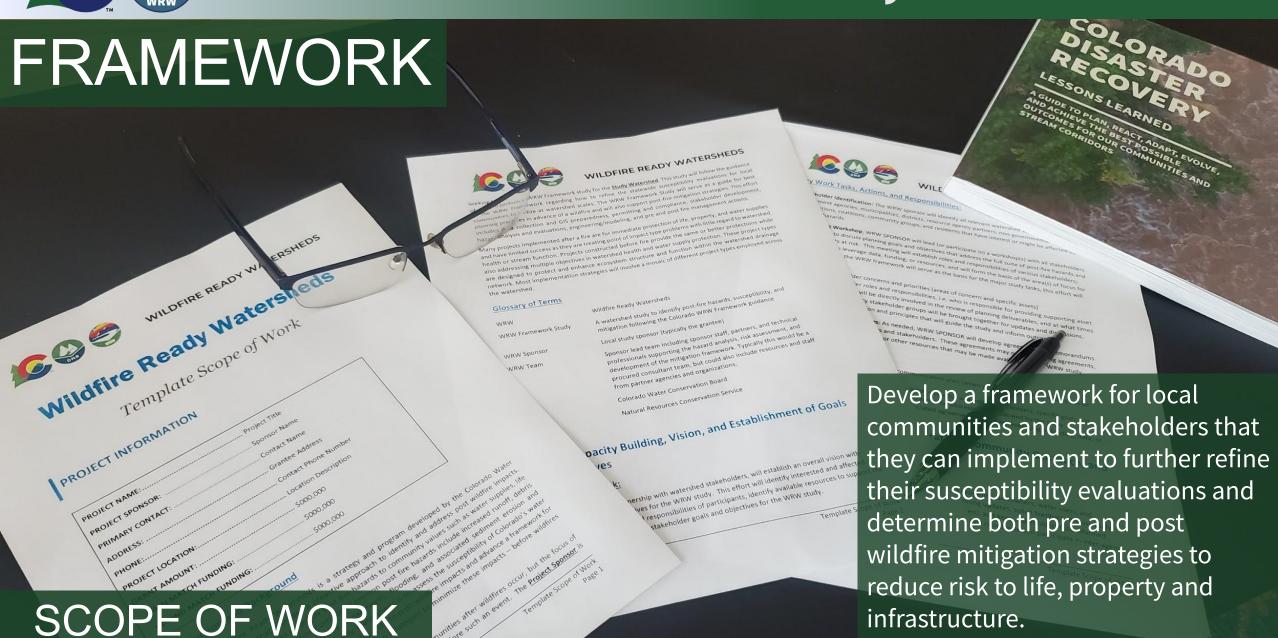
What is a framework?

A comprehensive guide for local watershed advocacy groups and agencies that can be followed to produce local-level post-fire susceptibility evaluations on a watershed scale to direct pre-fire and post-fire mitigation actions.

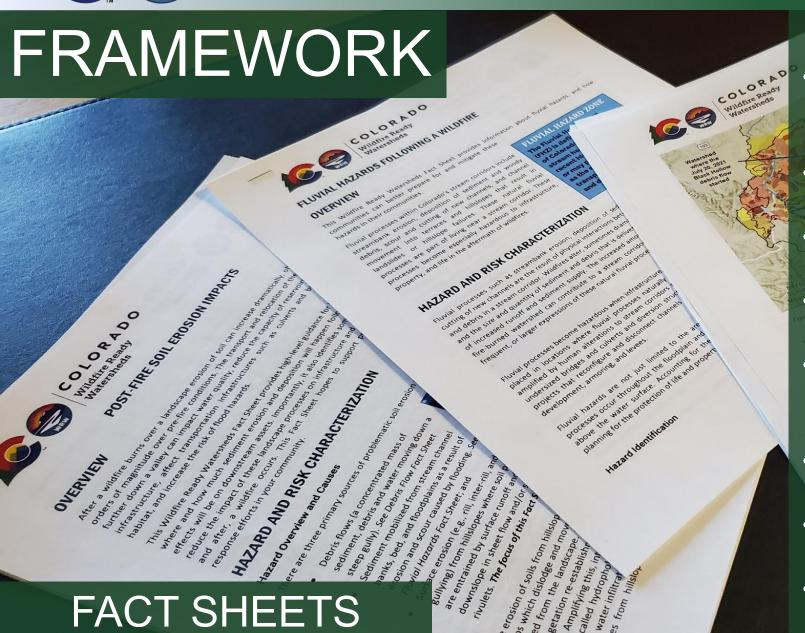
#wildfireactionplan101











Fact Sheets:

- Hydrology/Hydraulics/Flood After Fire
- Debris/Mud Flow
- Fluvial Hazard Zone
- GIS Preparedness
- Stakeholder Outreach and Communication
- Hillslope Erosion
- Water Quality
- Municipal Water Supply



FRAMEWORK

Task 1: Capacity Building, Vision, and Establishment of Goals and Objectives

- Identify partners and stakeholders
- Develop overall vision for the WRW Framework Study
- Establish study goals and objectives
- Develop and execute agreements with partners





FRAMEWORK

Task 2: Stakeholder Collaboration, Community Outreach, and Public Meetings

- Regular communication with stakeholders
- Community outreach activities
- Workshops including project prioritization and mitigation funding
- Website creation and maintenance

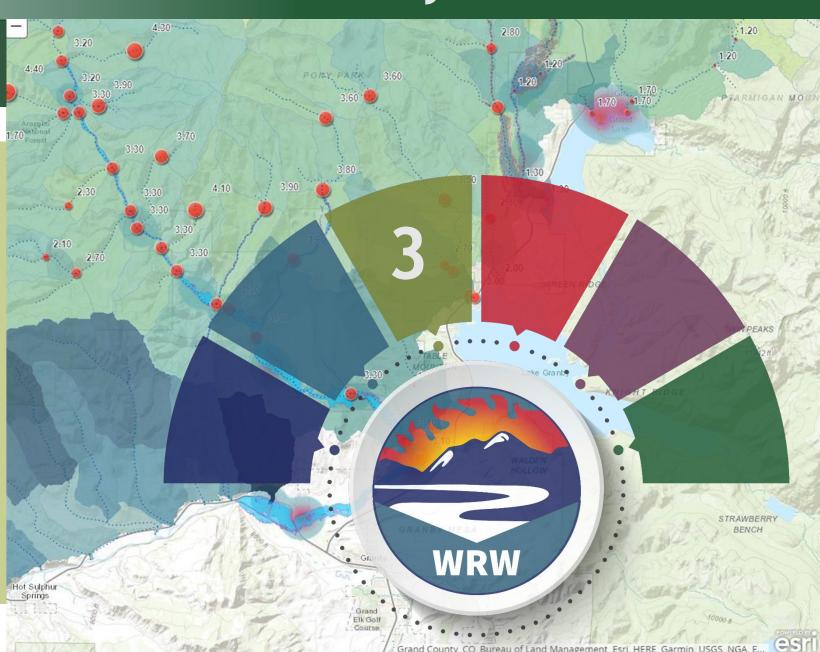




FRAMEWORK

Task 3: Data Collection, Research, Review, and Gap Analysis

- GIS data collection for values at risk, hazards, and supporting information
- Previous study and research review
- Infrastructure operations
- Data gap analysis (what's missing for the best possible outcome?





FRAMEWORK

Task 4: Post Fire Hazard Analysis

- Analyses and evaluations to identify hazards for:
 - Hydrologic response
 - Floods after fire
 - Fluvial hazard zones
 - Debris flows
 - Hillslope and gully erosion
 Water quality

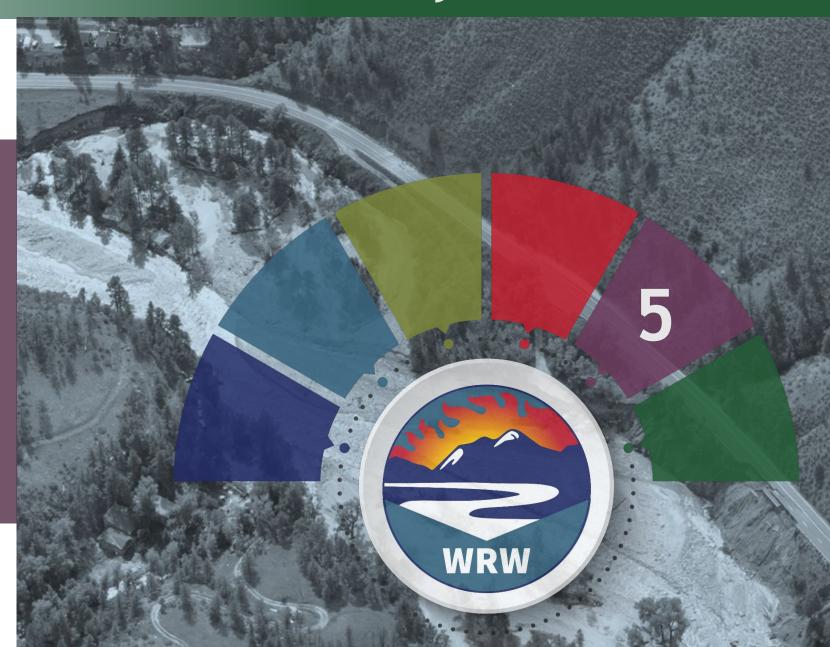




FRAMEWORK

Task 5: Susceptibility Analysis

- Identification of Values-at-Risk using hazard overlay
- Determining consequences of post-fire hazards
- Developing a prioritization based on severity of consequences of post-fire impacts and





FRAMEWORK

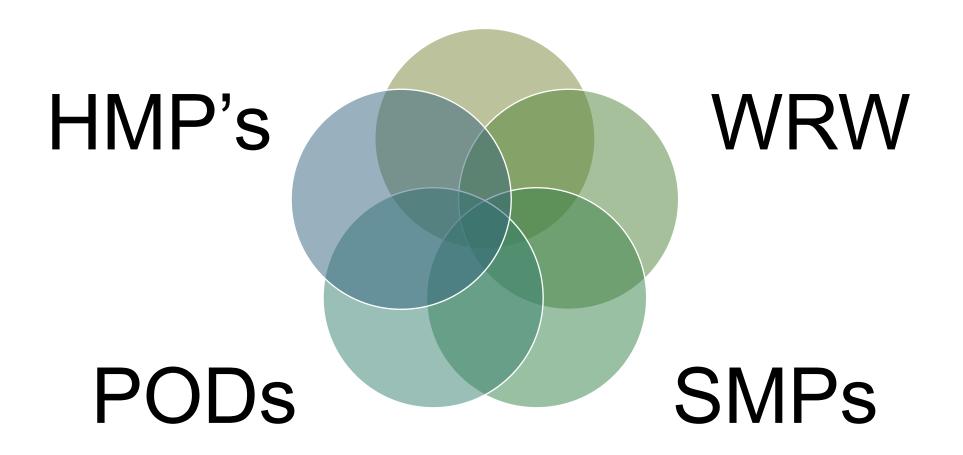
Task 6: Pre-Disaster Mitigation Activities

- Development of both a:
 - Pre-Disaster Preparedness
 Plan (Mitigation projects before a fire)
 - Post-Disaster Preparedness Plan(action plan following a fire)
- Prioritize actions
- Establish roles and responsibilities for mitigation activities
- Determine financial needs
- Permitting requirements





CWPP





Funding Opportunities

COLORADO WATERSHED RESTORATION PROGRAM

Grant Guidelines and Application Special Release December 2022

American Rescue Plan Act
10M allocated to CWCB special release
Applicants must have a federal SAM account
25% Match requirement





Funding Opportunities

Federal Technical Assistance Grants for Colorado Water Projects

Grant Guidelines and Application

https://cwcb.colorado.gov/federal-technical-assistance

American Rescue Plan Act
5M allocated to CWCB special release
Applicants must have a federal SAM account



Public Water System - Values At Risk

- The CDPHE Source Water Protection Program has launched an initiative to provide GIS Preparedness Support for PWS's.
- Free to PWS's; Digitize all infrastructure assets (values at risk) in or near federal lands for your utility.
- Data can be used to inform grant applications, fuels mitigation CWPPs, SWPPs, and WRW's Risk Assessments / Hazard Overlays.
- Data will be uploaded to USFS Wildland Fire Decision Support System (WFDSS), and provided to County OEM for emergency response.



Public Water System - Values At Risk

- CDPHE works in partnership with CRWA
- Contact Program Managers below for more information

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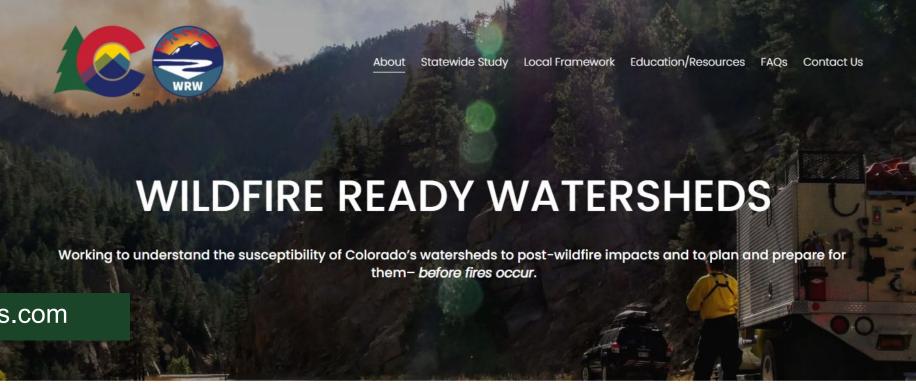
Robert Murphy

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Website



www.wildfirereadywatersheds.com



Wildfire impacts don't stop when the flames do.

Impacts to water supplies, infrastructure, and human life can linger for many years after the firefighting crews head home. After a wildfire burns over a landscape, erosion of soil and runoff of rainfall can increase dramatically, oftentimes by several orders of magnitude over pre-fire conditions resulting in hazards within and downtream of burned areas as a result of transport and relogment of the property of the property of the property of the property of the property.

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Department of Natural Resources
The Wildfire Ready Watersheds seeks to provide high-level guidance for helping communities predict what and where post-fire impacts will effect

THANK YOU

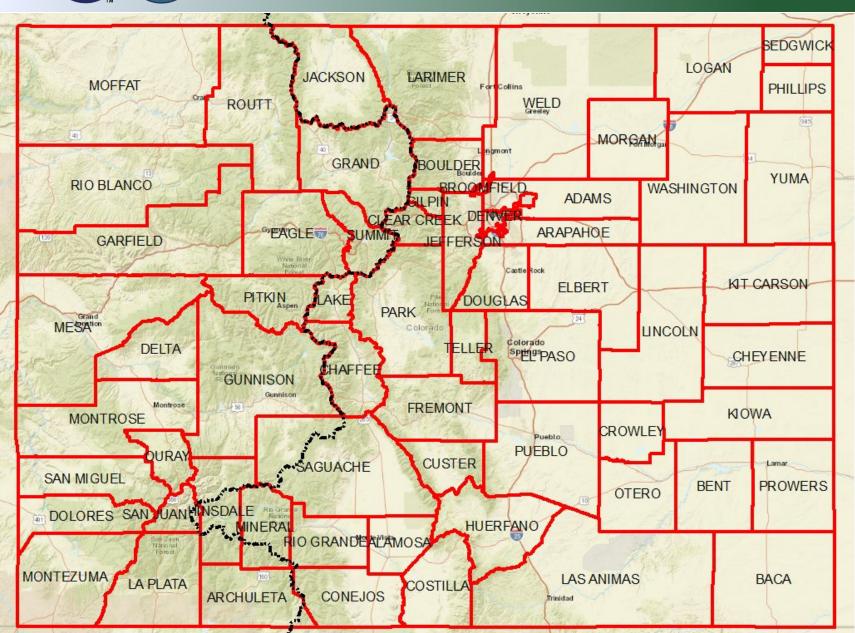
Questions?
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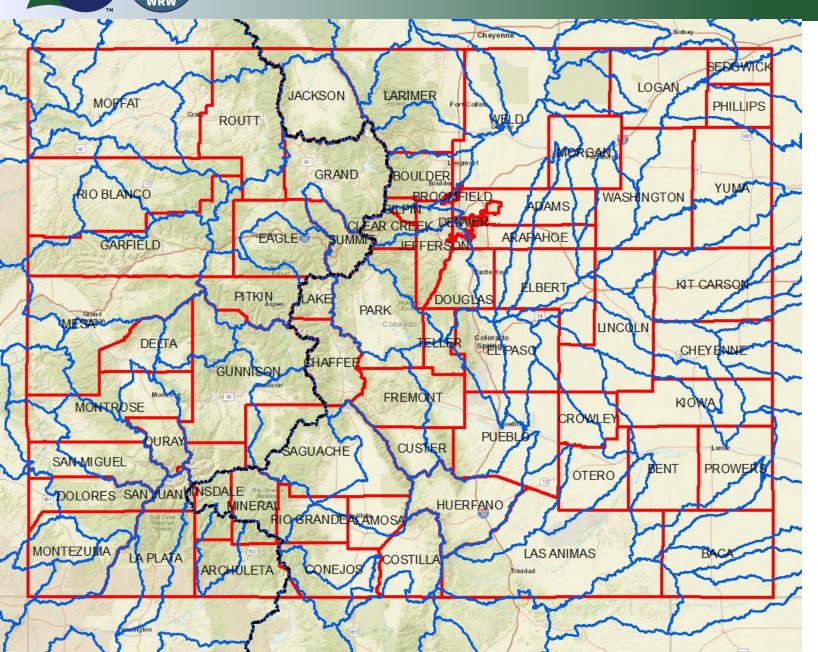






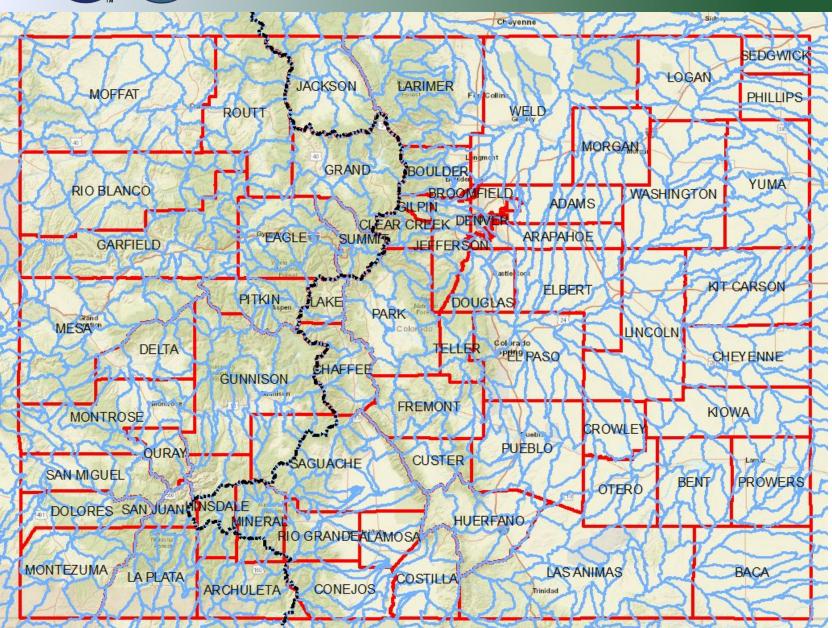
Colorado Counties





Colorado Counties
With
Hydrologic Unit
Codes 8's
(HUC 8)





Colorado Counties
With
Hydrologic Unit
Codes 10's
(HUC 10)