

Land Use and Natural Resources Steering Committee 4/5/2023

Emergency Meeting

Welcome and Introductions

<u>Bills</u>

<u>SB23-213,</u> Land Use					
H-Spon		Rep. I. Jodeh &	S-Spon	Sen. D. Moreno	
		Rep. S. Woodrow			
Summary	Housing needs planning. The executive director of the department of local affairs (director)				
	shall, no later than December 31, 2024, and every 5 years thereafter, issue methodology for				
	developing statewide, regional, and local housing needs assessments. The statewide housing needs				
	assessment must determine existing statewide housing stock and current and future housing needs. The regional housing needs assessments must allocate the addressing of housing needs identified				
	assessments must allocate the addressing of the housing needs allocated in the regional housing needs assessment to localities in the relevant region.				
	needs assessment to iocanties in the relevant region.				
	The director shall, no later than December 31, 2024, issue guidance on creating a housing				
	needs plan for both a rural resort job center municipality and an urban municipality. Following thi				
	guidance, no later than December 31, 2026, and every 5 years thereafter, a rural resort job center				
	municipality and an urban municipality shall develop a housing needs plan and submit that plan to				
	the department of local affairs (department). A housing needs plan must include, among other				
	things, descriptions of how the plan was created, how the municipality will address the housing				
	needs it was assigned in the local housing needs assessment, affordability strategies the				
	municipality has selected to address its local housing needs assessment, an assessment of				
	displacement risk and any strategies selected to address identified risks, and how the locality will				
	comply with other housing requirements in this bill.				
	The director shall, no later than December 31, 2024, develop and publish a menu of				
				vation, and affordability. Rural resort	
		8	81 I	fy at least 2 of these strategies that	
	/	1	1	unicipalities with a transit-oriented	
	area must identify at least 3.				
	/=1	1 . 1 11 1 1	D 1 04 0004		
				develop and publish a menu of	
	-	8	8	other things, provide guidance for ho tify displacement mitigation measure	
	-	8	1	y which of these measures it intends	
				1 1	ifies as at an elevated risk for
	displacemen	01			
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The director shall, no later than March 31, 2024, publish a report that identifies strategic growth objectives that will incentivize growth in transit-oriented areas and infill areas and guide growth at the edges of urban areas. The multi-agency advisory committee shall, no later than March 31, 2024, submit a report to the general assembly concerning the strategic growth objectives.

The bill establishes a multi-agency advisory committee and requires that committee to conduct a public comment and hearing process on and provide recommendations to the director on:

- Methodologies for developing statewide, regional, and local housing needs assessments;
- Guidance for creating housing needs plans;
- Developing a menu of affordability strategies;
- Developing a menu of displacement mitigation measures;
- Identifying strategic growth objectives; and
- Developing reporting guidance and templates.

A county or municipality within a rural resort region shall participate in a regional housing needs planning process. This process must encourage participating counties and municipalities to identify strategies that, either individually or through intergovernmental agreements, address the housing needs assigned to them. A report on this process must be submitted to the department. Further, within 6 months of completing this process, a rural resort job center municipality shall submit a local housing needs plan to the department. Once a year, both rural resort job centers and urban municipalities shall report to the department on certain housing data.

A multi-agency group created in the bill and the division of local government within the department shall provide assistance to localities in complying with the requirements of this bill. This assistance must include technical assistance and a grant program.

Accessory dwelling units. The director shall promulgate an accessory dwelling unit model code that, among other things, requires accessory dwelling units to be allowed as a use by right in any part of a municipality where the municipality allows single-unit detached dwellings as a use by right. The committee shall provide recommendations to the director for promulgating this model code. In developing these recommendations, the committee shall conduct a public comment and hearing process.

Even if a municipality does not adopt the accessory dwelling unit model code, the municipality shall adhere to accessory dwelling unit minimum standards established in the bill and by the department. These minimum standards, among other things, must require a municipality to:

- Allow accessory dwelling units as a use by right in any part of the municipality where the municipality allows single-unit detached dwellings as a use by right;
- Only adopt or enforce local laws concerning accessory dwelling units that use objective standards and procedures;
- Not adopt, enact, or enforce local laws concerning accessory dwelling units that are more restrictive than local laws concerning single-unit detached dwellings; and
- Not apply standards that make the permitting, siting, or construction of accessory dwelling units infeasible.

Middle housing. The director shall promulgate a middle housing model code that, among other things, requires middle housing to be allowed as a use by right in any part of a rural resort job

center municipality or a tier one urban municipality where the municipality allows single-unit detached dwellings as a use by right. The committee shall provide recommendations to the director for promulgating this model code. In developing these recommendations, the committee shall conduct a public comment and hearing process.

Even if a rural resort job center municipality or a tier one urban municipality does not adopt the middle housing model code, the municipality shall adhere to middle housing minimum standards established in the bill and by the department. These minimum standards, among other things, must require a municipality to:

- Allow middle housing as a use by right in certain areas;
- Only adopt or enforce local laws concerning middle housing that use objective standards and procedures;
- Allow properties on which middle housing is allowed to be split by right using objective standards and procedures;
- Not adopt, enact, or enforce local laws concerning middle housing that are more restrictive than local laws concerning single-unit detached dwellings; and
- Not apply standards that make the permitting, siting, or construction of middle housing infeasible.

Transit-oriented areas. The director shall promulgate a transit-oriented area model code that, among other things, imposes minimum residential density limits for multifamily residential housing and mixed-income multifamily residential housing and allows these developments as a use by right in the transit-oriented areas of tier one urban municipalities. The committee shall provide recommendations to the director for promulgating this model code. In developing these recommendations, the committee shall conduct a public comment and hearing process.

Even if a tier one urban municipality does not adopt the transit-oriented model code, the municipality shall adhere to middle housing minimum standards established in the bill and by the department. These minimum standards, among other things, must require a municipality to:

- Create a zoning district within a transit-oriented area in which multifamily housing meets a minimum residential density limit and is allowed as a use by right; and
- Not apply standards that make the permitting, siting, or construction of multifamily housing in transit-oriented areas infeasible.

Key corridors. The director shall promulgate a key corridor model code that applies to key corridors in rural resort job center municipalities and tier one urban municipalities. The model code must, among other things, include requirements for:

- The percentage of units in mixed-income multifamily residential housing that must be reserved for low- and moderate-income households;
- Minimum residential density limits for multifamily residential housing; and
- Mixed-income multifamily residential housing that must be allowed as a use by right in key corridors.

The committee shall provide recommendations to the director for promulgating this model code. In developing these recommendations, the committee shall conduct a public comment and hearing process. Even if a rural resort job center municipality or a tier one urban municipality does not adopt the key corridor model code, the municipality shall adhere to key corridor minimum standards promulgated by the director and developed by the department. These minimum standards, among other things, must identify a net residential zoning capacity for a municipality and must require a municipality to:

- Allow multifamily residential housing within key corridors that meets the net residential zoning capacity as a use by right;
- Not apply standards that make the permitting, siting, or construction of multifamily housing in certain areas infeasible; and
- Not adopt, enact, or enforce local laws that make satisfying the required minimum residential density limits infeasible.

The committee shall provide recommendations to the director on promulgating these minimum standards. In developing these recommendations, the committee shall conduct a public comment and hearing process.

Adoption of model codes and minimum standards. A relevant municipality shall adopt either the model code or local laws that satisfy the minimum standards concerning accessory dwelling units, middle housing, transit-oriented areas, and key corridors. Furthermore, a municipality shall submit a report to the department demonstrating that it has done so. If a municipality fails to adopt either the model code or local laws that satisfy the minimum standards by a specified deadline, the relevant model code immediately goes into effect, and municipalities shall then approve any proposed projects that meet the standards in the model code using objective procedures. However, a municipality may apply to the department for a deadline extension for a deficiency in water or wastewater infrastructure or supply.Additional provisions. The bill also:

- Requires the advisory committee on factory-built structures and tiny homes to produce a report on the opportunities and barriers in state law concerning the building of manufactured homes, mobile homes, and tiny homes;
- Removes the requirements that manufacturers of factory-built structures comply with escrow requirements of down payments and provide a letter of credit, certificate of deposit issued by a licensed financial institution, or surety bond issued by an authorized insurer;
- Prohibits a planned unit development resolution or ordinance for a planned unit with a residential use from restricting accessory dwelling units, middle housing, housing in transit-oriented areas, or housing in key corridors in a way not allowed by this bill;
- Prohibits a local government from enacting or enforcing residential occupancy limits that differ based on the relationships of the occupants of a dwelling;
- Modifies the content requirements for a county and municipal master plan, requires counties and municipalities to adopt or amend master plans as part of an inclusive process, and requires counties and municipalities to submit master plans to the department;
- Allows a municipality to sell and dispose of real property and public buildings for the purpose of providing property to be used as affordable housing, without requiring the sale to be submitted to the voters of the municipality;
- Requires the approval process for manufactured and modular homes to be based on objective standards and administrative review equivalent to the approval process for site-built homes;
- Prohibits a municipality from imposing more restrictive standards on manufactured and modular homes than the municipality imposes on site-built homes;

 conveyance, water treatment, or wastewater treatment facility; Prohibits a unit owners' association from restricting accessory dwelling units, middle housing, housing in transit-oriented areas, or housing in key corridors; Requires the department of transportation to ensure that the prioritization criteria for any grant program administered by the department are consistent with state strategic growth objectives, so long as doing so does not violate federal law; Requires any regional transportation plan that is created or updated to address and ensure consistency with state strategic growth objectives; Requires that expenditures for local and state multimodal projects from the multimodal transportation options fund are only to be made for multimodal projects that the department determines are consistent with state strategic growth objectives; and For state fiscal year 2023-24, appropriates \$15,000,000 from the general fund to the housing plans assistance fund and makes the department responsible for the accounting related to the appropriation.
 Prohibits certain municipalities from imposing minimum square footage requirements for residential units in the approval of residential dwelling unit construction permits; Requires certain entities to submit to the Colorado water conservation board (board) a completed and validated water loss audit report pursuant to guidelines that the board shall adopt; Allows the board to make grants from the water efficiency grant program cash fund to provide water loss audit report validation assistance to covered entities; Allows the board and the Colorado water resources and power development authority to consider whether an entity has submitted a required audit report in deciding whether to release financial assistance to the entity for the construction of a water diversion, storage,